

Pelham Union Free School District, New York Report to Those Charged with Governance June 30, 2019

September 4, 2019

Prepared by

H. Chris Kopf, CPA
Partner
ckopf@pkfod.com

Barry Gamzon

Manager

bgamzon@pkfod.com





September 4, 2019

The Board of Education **Pelham Union Free School District** 575 Colonial Avenue Pelham, New York 10803

We have audited the financial statements of Pelham Union Free School District, New York as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated September 4, 2019. Professional standards require us to communicate with you regarding audit matters that are, in our professional judgment, significant and relevant to those charged with governance ("TCWG") in overseeing the financial reporting process. This communication is intended to provide you with these required communications as well as other findings and information regarding our audit.

We are pleased to be of service to you and the Pelham Union Free School District, New York and appreciate the opportunity to present our audit findings to you. We are also pleased to discuss other matters which may be of interest to you and to answer any questions you may have.

This information is intended solely for the information and use of TCWG and management of the Pelham Union Free School District, New York and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLF



Contents

Status of the Audit	4
Required Communications and Other Matters	5
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	10
On the Horizon	16

Appendices

- 1 Corrected Misstatements
- 2 Management Representation Letter
- 3 About PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP



Status of the Audit

Audit of Financial Statements

- Audit fieldwork is complete
- The financial statements have been drafted and reviewed by management.
- We have issued an unmodified report on the financial statements.



Required Communications and Other Matters

Required Item	Comments				
Auditor's responsibility under professional standards and planned	We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you dated May 7, 2019. Generally, these responsibilities include:				
scope and timing of the audit	Forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements.				
	 Obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements, whether caused by error or fraud. 				
	 Accumulating and communicating uncorrected misstatements to Those Charged with Governance ("TCWG"). 				
	Maintaining professional skepticism.				
	 Communicating audit related matters that are, in our professional judgment, significant to TCWG. 				
Supplementary information accompanying the financial statements					
	With respect to such supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of members of management and evaluated the form, content and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with US GAAP, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.				
Other information in documents containing audited financial statements	Our responsibility as auditors for other information in documents containing the audited financial statements does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform any procedures to determine that such other information is properly stated.				



Required Item	Comments
Our responsibilities under the Yellow Book	In connection with our audit we performed tests of the Entity's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our tests was not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.
Our responsibilities under Uniform Guidance (Federal Single Audit)	In accordance with Uniform Guidance, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about the Entity's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the "U.S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Uniform Guidance Compliance Supplement" applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the Entity's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provided a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on the Entity's compliance with those requirements.
Responsibilities of management and TCWG	 Management's responsibilities include: The fair presentation of the financial statements, including the selection of appropriate accounting policies. Establishing and maintaining effective internal control. Complying with laws, regulations, grants and contracts. Providing the auditors with all financial records and related information and a signed representation letter. TCWG are responsible for communicating with the auditors and overseeing the financial reporting process. Both management and TCWG are responsible for: Setting the proper tone at the top. Designing and implementing policies and controls to prevent and detect fraud.
Qualitative aspects of accounting practices - Accounting Policies	The significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no initial selections of accounting policies and no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during the reporting period that had a significant impact on the financial statements. The accounting policies of the Entity conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to state and local governments. The Entity's reports are based on all applicable GASB pronouncements.



Required Item	Comments
Qualitative aspects of accounting practices – Significant Unusual Transactions	No matters have come to our attention that would require us to inform you about the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions.
Qualitative aspects of accounting practices - Accounting Estimates and Management's Judgment	Accounting estimates made by management are an integral part of the financial statements and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statements and their susceptibility to change. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements are: • Actuarial assumptions related to the Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations ("OPEB") • Actuarial assumptions and proportionate share calculations related to pension obligations • Asset lives for depreciable capital assets • Estimates of certain receivable balances and allowances for uncollectible amounts • Estimates for certain operating and long-term liabilities Management believes that the estimates used and assumptions made are adequate based on the information currently available. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole.
Qualitative aspects of accounting practices - Financial Statement Disclosures	Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements are: Other post employment benefit obligations payable Pension plan information Outstanding bonded indebtedness Fund balances The financial statement disclosures are consistent and clear.



Required Item	Comments
Difficulties encountered in performing the audit	We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of our audit.
Corrected and uncorrected misstatements	Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management.
	We are required to communicate to you misstatements that remain uncorrected, including any related to prior periods and the effect, if any, that they may have on the opinion in our report and request their correction. There are no such financial statement misstatements that remain uncorrected.
	In addition, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures are also included in Appendix 1.
Disagreements with management	For purposes of this communication, a disagreement with management is a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning financial accounting, reporting, or auditing, which could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.
Management representations	We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter (see Appendix 2).
Management's consultations with other accountants	In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.
Auditor independence	We affirm that PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP is independent with respect to the Entity in accordance with relevant professional standards.



Required Item	Comments
Significant issues discussed with management prior to retention	We generally discuss with management a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, business conditions affecting the Entity and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed and our responses thereto were a condition to our retention as auditors.



Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pelham Union Free School District, New York ("Entity") internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Professional standards require that we communicate to you, in writing, all significant deficiencies and/or material weaknesses in internal control that we identify in performing our audit. For this purpose, deficiencies in internal control are categorized as follows:

- A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis.
- A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that
 there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will
 not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.
- A **significant deficiency** is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified.

We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

However, we share for your consideration on the following pages other observations about the internal control and operations.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management and others charged with governance and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. We will be pleased to discuss these communications and comments in further detail at your convenience, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

PKF O'Connor Davres, LLP Harrison, New York September 4, 2019



Control Deficiencies

Extraclassroom Activities

Extraclassroom activity funds are defined as funds raised other than by taxation in the name of a school student body. These funds are operated by and for the students and are an integral part of the educational program of the School District. As part of our audit, we have reviewed, evaluated and tested the Extraclassroom Activity Funds. The results of our tests disclosed the following weaknesses:

Segregation of Duties

Segregation of duties within an entity is a key factor in the assurance of sustainable risk management and internal controls. The basis for this principal is to share the responsibilities of processes in a way so that the critical function of that process is dispersed amongst more than one person or department.

During the audit testing, it was noted that the Central Treasurer for the Middle School Extra Classroom Fund, has the ability collect cash, issue receipts, prepare bank deposit slips, make bank deposits, write checks, and prepare bank reconciliations.

Recommendation

We recommend that the School District takes care to review its segregation of duties framework and ensure that the duties of each employee are truly segregated.

Inactive Clubs

During the course of the 2018-2019 year, seven clubs had no activity: DIY – Do It Yourself Club (\$150), Military History (\$1,072), Peer Leadership (\$143), Newspaper Club (\$30), Robotics (\$86), SCI Olympiad (\$1,127) and the Youth to Youth Club (\$611).

Recommendation

We recommend that the School District evaluate whether these clubs should remain active clubs, or if their funds should be dissolved into another club.



Control Deficiencies

School Lunch Fund

Excessive Fund Balance

The School Lunch Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures in connection with the School District's food service program. New York State Education Regulations suggests that assigned fund balance in the School Lunch Fund be no more than three months' worth of operating average expenditures. The average three month expenditure for the School District is approximately \$282,000 and the District has a total assigned fund balance of approximately \$377,000 at June 30, 2019, which is in excess of \$95,000.

Recommendation

We recommend that the School District develop a plan to utilize the excess fund balance of the School Lunch Fund to comply with the New York State Education Regulations.

• IT General Control Assessment

We assessed the Information Technology "IT" general controls of the Organization's systems and applications to ensure that policies, procedures, and operational practices were implemented to help support the Organization's financial control objectives. We define IT general controls as the following:

IT General Controls – Policies and procedures that relate to many applications and support the effective functioning of application controls by helping to ensure the continued proper operation of information systems. General controls commonly include controls over data center and network operations; system software acquisition, change, and maintenance; access security; and application system acquisition, development, and maintenance. While ineffective general controls do not by themselves cause misstatements, they may permit application controls to operate improperly and allow misstatements to occur and not be detected. General IT controls need to be assessed in relation to the effect they have on the applications and data that become part of the financial statements.

• Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act ("FERPA") - Risk Assessment

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. § 1232g; 34 CFR Part 99) is a federal law to protect the privacy of student education information. A core component of the law is the establishment of a data security program to reasonably protect electronic student information. Before any organization can create a well-defined data security program, it must first perform a risk assessment. We define IT risk as the probability of a vulnerability being exploited and the potential business impact as a result of such an event. Failure of an Organization to have a formalized IT risk assessment process may result in the Organization's management having a less than complete understanding with respect to the Organization's information security position and compliance requirements.



Control Deficiencies

• Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act ("FERPA") - Risk Assessment (Continued)

We noted that the Organization has not implemented a formal IT risk assessment process.

We recommend that the Organization conduct a formal IT risk assessment as soon as possible and then annually thereafter. The risk assessment should be used to establish and enhance a student electronic data security program and be inclusive of current cyber threats.

Password Policy

We reviewed the design and implementation of the password controls of the Organization to ensure that the controls in operation would reasonably protect against unauthorized access to system, network, and application resources. We noted the following:

- Passwords have a minimum character requirement of 7 characters. Current best practice is 8 characters minimum.
- Accounts will not lock after repeated failed password entry attempts (locking an account will prevent additional authorization attempts).

We recommend the following minimum password parameters:

- Passwords have a minimum character requirement of at least 8 characters long.
- Accounts should lock after no more than 5-10 password entry attempts.

Server Patch Management

Patches are software or operating system updates issued by a vendor to address security and/or functionality problems. Patch management is the collection of processes to ensure that necessary patches are acquired, tested, distributed for installation, and the status of installation monitored and reported on.

The Organization has a patch management process; however, we observed that the frequency and consistency of the patch management methodology was less than effectively operated for servers during the audit period. As such, we identified a set of authentication systems that were out of date and/or not consistently updated with vendor security patches.

We recommend that the Organization ensure all security related patches are installed on a monthly basis. Any deviations of update installation should only be performed after the risks of delaying the installation of the updates are assessed and identified as acceptable to the Organization.



Control Deficiencies

Cybersecurity Awareness Training

Employees across all business segments poise a significant risk to the security of the network and sensitive data. While technical controls can and should be implemented to limit and control the cyber risk, ultimately employee awareness training is proven to be the most effective mitigation. Further, many types of cyber-attacks are specifically designed to commit financial fraud by leveraging employee cyber education weaknesses. Currently, the Organization does not have a formal cybersecurity awareness-training program.

We recommend the Organization develop and implement a formal employee cybersecurity awareness-training program.

• IT Standard Operating Policies and Procedures

We interviewed the IT Director to assess departmental procedures and requested documentation in support of those procedures. We noted that the Organization does not have a set of standard operating policies and procedures.

The lack of formally approved, implemented and distributed detailed policies and/or procedures increases the risk that management expectations and control considerations are not followed consistently. As a result, there is an increased risk that personnel could make errors while carrying out information technology and systems functions. Due to the lack of documentation, there is also an increased risk of operation disruption in the absence of key IT personnel.

We recommend that the Organization create a formal set of policies and procedures and distribute them to all necessary employees.

Environmental Security

We reviewed the basic environmental controls of the Organization's server and communication room. Environmental controls, such as electrical current conditioning and temperature, are critical in ensuring the uninterrupted operations of the Organization's systems and network.

In our review of the communication room, we observed the absence of uninterruptable power supplies ("UPS") on one of the racks housing network communication devices. UPS devices provide both power conditioning and battery backup in case of power fluctuations or loss. With the potential for the organization to experience brownouts throughout the year, the lack of a UPS increases the likelihood of network and communication equipment shutting down abruptly. Additionally, power fluctuations that are not filtered to protect against occurrences such as power spikes, could result in the destruction of the devices resulting in operational downtime.



Control Deficiencies

Environmental Security (Continued)

Additionally, in our review of the communication room, we observed the absence of a fire/smoke detector, and a fire suppression system. Should a fire initiate in the room, the server room and data would be at risk; however, more significantly, the entire building would be at risk.

We recommend that the Organization consider connecting all systems and network devices in the communication room to a UPS device, and on a broader scale, we recommend that automatic processes be put into place to insure graceful shutdown of all systems should extended periods of power outage occur. We also recommend that the Organization consider implementing both fire/smoke detectors, and a fire suppressant system in the communication room.

Business Continuity/Disaster Recovery

We noted that although the Organization has a draft Disaster Recovery plan in place, the plan has not been reviewed, keep current, nor formalized. Without a current formal plan and policy that will dictate and clarify the roles, responsibilities, and steps necessary for the Organization to perform in the event of a disaster, the Organization is at risk for failure to successfully and quickly recover.

We recommend the following to mitigate the risk of failure to recover:

- Management should conduct a formal assessment to determine how long they can be without
 their functioning servers. In addition, management should assess how much data can be
 safely lost before there is significant financial, and operational impact. Management should
 review their operationally critical systems, and based on their acceptable level of risk,
 prioritize the systems in the order of recovery time (systems that need immediate recovery
 verses systems that can wait).
- Management should formally document all roles, responsibilities, and procedures necessary
 to accomplish the transition to the recovery site. Standard disaster recovery documents and
 plans consist of the following phases: Initiation, Activation, Recovery, and Reconstitution.

Management should periodically test this plan for functionality as well as practicality.



On the Horizon

GASB Statement No. 84 - Fiduciary Activities

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. Previously issued guidance lacked the necessary clarity to determine when a government had fiduciary responsibility for a certain activity. This lack of clarity has resulted in a divergence in practice among financial statement preparers and auditors.

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria is on (a) whether a government *controls* the assets of the fiduciary activity and (b) the *beneficiaries* with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. A government is considered in control of the assets if the government holds the assets or has the ability to direct the use of the assets in a manner that provides benefits to the specified or intended recipients. The assets also cannot be derived from the government's own source revenues (or from government-mandated or voluntary non-exchange transactions) and must also have one or more of the following characteristics related to whom the assets will benefit:

- 1) Be administered through a trust
- 2) The government itself is not the beneficiary
- 3) Dedicated to providing benefits in accordance with the benefit terms
- 4) Legally protected from the government's creditors for the benefit of individuals and the government has no administrative or direct financial involvement with the asset
- 5) For the benefit of individuals and government has no administrative or direct financial involvement with the assets

An activity meeting the above criteria should be reported in the basic financial statements in one of the following four fiduciary funds, as applicable:

- 1) Pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds
- 2) Investment trust funds
- 3) Private-purpose trust funds
- 4) Custodial funds

Custodial funds should report fiduciary activities that are not reported in one of the first three fiduciary funds noted above. The use of **Agency funds has been eliminated with this Statement and replaced with custodial funds.**

Governments with activities meeting the above criteria will present a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (i.e., assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fiduciary net position) and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (i.e., additions and deductions) for each fiduciary fund type. Previous guidance for agency funds only required the presentation of assets and liabilities, whereas the custodial funds require the same elements as the other fiduciary funds, including net position.

The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 (i.e., the School District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020) with earlier application encouraged.



GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases

Potentially pervasive changes are coming to lease accounting. Under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, nearly every lease will be considered a capital lease. While local governments and school districts would most likely be lessees in these kinds of transactions, some might also be involved in transactions where they are the lessor of these assets.

Under this standard, lessees will now be required to recognize in their entity-wide Statement of Net Position a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset when the lease begins. The intangible asset will be similar to other capital assets by requiring amortization over the life of the lease term, similar to depreciation of tangible capital assets. Also similar to other capital assets, leases will need to be assessed for impairment.

Lessors will do the opposite. Lessors will recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the start of a lease. The receivable will be reduced and revenue recognized as lease payments are received each year. The lessor will continue to report the capital asset on its own Statement of Net Position.

Governments should review this standard early to anticipate what changes might need to be made to policies, accounting procedures, laws and regulations. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 (i.e., the School District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021) with earlier application encouraged.

Proposed Changes to **Government Auditing Standards**

The U.S. Government Accountability Office has proposed changes to the <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. These changes will be the first changes since 2011 and are designed to ensure the standards continue to meet the needs of the federal, state and local government communities and the public these bodies serve. The following significant new audit requirement was added to the 2017 exposure draft (proposed new standards):

As part of an audit under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, if auditors become aware of waste or abuse that could be quantitatively or qualitatively material to the financial statements, auditors should perform additional audit procedures to ascertain the potential effect on the financial statements. Included in the application guidance are these definitions:

Waste is the act of using or expending resources carelessly, extravagantly, or to no purpose. Waste involves the taxpayers not receiving reasonable value for money in connection with any government-funded activities because of an inappropriate act or omission by parties with control over or access to government resources. Importantly, waste can include activities that do not include abuse and does not necessarily involve a violation of law. Rather, waste relates primarily to mismanagement, inappropriate actions, and inadequate oversight.



Abuse is behavior that is deficient or improper when compared with behavior that a prudent person would consider reasonable and necessary business practice given the facts and circumstances, but excludes fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements. Abuse also includes misuse of authority or position for personal financial interests or those of an immediate or close family member or business associate. Because the determination of abuse is subjective, auditors are not required to perform procedures to detect abuse in financial audits. Auditors may discover that abuse is indicative of fraud or noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.



Appendix 1

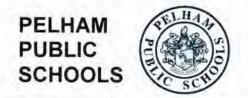
Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Account	Description	Debit	Credit
General Fund	d		
	al Entries JE # 12		
Adjusting Journ			
client Entry - 10	o account for additional 18-19 invoices received after closing the		
1420.400-00-00	0 LEGAL-CONTRACTUAL EXPENDITURE	25,334.00	
· 2110.490-00-00	00 TEACHING-REGULAR SCHOOL-SERVICES FROM BO	45,000.00	
\ 2250.400-00-00	00 SPECIAL EDUCATION-CONTRACTUAL EXPENDITUR	1,080.00	
· 2250.471-00-00	0 SPECIAL EDUCATION-TUITION TO OTHER DIST.	18,601.00	
· 2815.409-00-00	00 HEALTH SERVICES-HEALTH - OTHER DISTRICTS	3,858.00	
A 864.17/18	RESERVE - TAX CERT ASSESS YR 2017 (FY17-18)	107,647.00	
A 917	UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE	13,133.00	
A 600	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		93,873.00
	"RESERVE FOR STATE & LOCAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM		
	CONTRIBUTIONS		
A 827	п		13,133.00
A 917	UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE		107,647.00
		214,653.00	214,653.00
Special Aid F	<u>und</u>		
Adjusting Jou	rnal Entries JE # 3		
To reclass rev	enues		
F 1803	TITLE I A&D IMPROV ACAD (17-18)	373.00	
F 1804	TITLE IIA TEACH/PRIN TRNG/RECR (17-18)	1,119.00	
F 3289	OTHER STATE AID (SPECIFY)		1,492.00
		1,492.00	1,492.00



Appendix 2

Management Representation Letter



JAMES F. HRICAY

Assistant Superintendent for Business

914 738-9140 Fax 914 738-2384 ihricay@pelhamschools.org

575 Colonial Avenue, Pelham, New York 10803

September 4, 2019

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP 500 Mamaroneck Avenue Suite 301 Harrison, New York 10528

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the Pelham Union Free School District, New York ("School District"), which comprise the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, for the purpose of expressing opinions as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

This representation letter is also provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the School District, which comprise the statement of cash receipts, cash disbursements and cash balances as of June 30, 2019 and for the year then ended, for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of accounting prescribed by the New York State Department of Education.

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement. An omission or misstatement that is monetarily small in amount could be considered material as a result of qualitative factors.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, (having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves) as of the date of this letter, the following representations made to you during your audit.

Our Responsibilities

- 1) We acknowledge that we have fulfilled our responsibilities for:
 - a) The preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with US GAAP and include all properly classified funds and other financial information required by generally accepted accounting principles to be included in the financial reporting entity.
 - b) The preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds in conformity with the accounting principles prescribed by the New York State Department of Education, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than US GAAP.
 - c) The design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
 - d) The design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.

- 2) We understand that the term "fraud" refers to intentional acts by one or more individuals among management, those charged with governance, employees, or third parties, involving the use of deception that results in a misstatement in financial statements. Two types of intentional misstatements are relevant to your audit misstatements resulting from fraudulent financial reporting and misstatements resulting from misappropriation of assets. Fraudulent financial reporting involves intentional misstatements, including omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive financial statement users. Misappropriation of assets involves the theft of an entity's assets.
- 3) We are further responsible for reviewing, accepting and processing the standard, adjusting, or correcting journal entries that you proposed during the course of your engagement. We confirm that we designated a suitably qualified individual who understands the nature and impact of the proposed entries to the financial statements, and we accept responsibility for the proposed entries that we authorized and processed.
- 4) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in accordance with US GAAP, and we believe the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with US GAAP. The methods of measurement and presentation of the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have not changed from those used in the prior period, and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the supplementary information.

Financial Statements

- 5) The financial statements referred to above are fairly presented in conformity with US GAAP and include all disclosures necessary for such fair presentation. In that connection, we specifically confirm that:
 - a) The School District's accounting policies, and the practices and methods followed in applying them, are appropriate and are as disclosed in the financial statements.
 - b) There have been no changes during the period audited in the School District's accounting policies and practices.
 - c) All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
- Significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 7) The following, where they exist, have been appropriately disclosed to you and accounted for and/or disclosed in the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of US GAAP:
 - a) The identity of all related parties and related party relationships and transactions including revenues, expenditures/expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties.
 - b) Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the School District is contingently liable, if any.
 - c) The effects of all known actual, possible, pending or threatened litigation, claims, and assessments.
 - d) The identity of the School District's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.
- 8) We have evaluated events subsequent to the date of the financial statements through the date of this letter, and no such events have occurred which would require adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements. No events, including instances of noncompliance, have occurred subsequent

to the balance sheet date and through the date of this letter that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the aforementioned financial statements or in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

9) The effects of uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole. A list of the uncorrected misstatements is attached to the representation letter.

Information Provided

- 10) We have provided you with:
 - Access to all information, of which we are aware, that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, such as records, documentation, and other matters.
 - b) Communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with, or deficiencies in, financial reporting practices, if applicable.
 - c) Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
 - d) Unrestricted access to persons within the School District from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
 - e) Completeness and availability of all minutes of the meetings of the Board of Education or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.
- 11) We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 12) There are no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that are reasonably likely to adversely affect the School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, and report financial data reliably in accordance with US GAAP.
- 13) We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud that affects the entity and involves:
 - a) Management,
 - b) Employees who have significant roles in internal control, or
 - c) Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 14) We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the School District's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, regulators, or others.
- 15) We have no knowledge of instances of noncompliance or suspected noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements, or abuse, whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.

Government—specific

- 16) We have identified to you any previous audits, attestation engagements, and other studies related to the audit objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- 17) The School District has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, liabilities, or equity.
- 18) We are responsible for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to us, including tax or debt limits and debt contracts, and legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.
- 19) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws and regulations that we believe have

- a material effect on the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives, and any other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance.
- 20) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances, which have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of noncompliance with provisions of contracts and grant agreements that we believe have a material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 21) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of abuse that could be quantitatively or qualitatively material to the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 22) There are no violations or possible violations of budget ordinances, laws and regulations (including those pertaining to adopting, approving, and amending budgets), provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements, or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, or for reporting on noncompliance.
- 23) As part of your audit, you assisted with preparation of the financial statements and related notes and schedule of expenditures of federal awards. We acknowledge our responsibility as it relates to those nonaudit services, including that we assume all management responsibilities; oversee the services by designating an individual, preferably with senior management, who possesses suitable skill, knowledge, or experience; evaluate the adequacy and results of the services performed; and accept responsibility for the results of the services We have reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements and related notes and schedule of expenditures of federal awards. We also understand that as part of your audit, you prepared various adjusting journal entries, both on the fund and entity-wide level, and acknowledge that we have reviewed and approved those entries and accepted responsibility for them.
- 24) The School District has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 25) The School District has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 26) We have followed all applicable laws and regulations in adopting, approving, and amending budgets.
- 27) The financial statements include all component units as well as joint ventures with an equity interest, and properly disclose all other joint ventures and other related organizations.
- 28) The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34.
- 29) All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASB Statement Nos. 34 and 37 for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are particularly important to financial statement users.
- 30) Components of net position (net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted) and classifications of fund balance (nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned) are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 31) Investments and land are properly valued.

- 32) Receivables recorded in the financial statements represent valid claims against debtors for transactions arising on or before the balance sheet date and have been reduced to their estimated net realizable value.
- 33) Provisions for uncollectible receivables have been properly identified and recorded.
- 34) Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 35) We agree with the findings of specialists in evaluating the other postemployment benefit obligation and any other specialists utilized and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures used in the financial statements and underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an impact on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.
- 36) We believe that the actuarial assumptions and methods used to measure pension and OPEB liabilities and costs for financial accounting purposes are appropriate in the circumstances.
- 37) Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund principal.
- 38) Interfund, internal, and intra-entity activity and balances have been appropriately classified and reported.
- 39) Deposits and investment securities are properly classified as to risk and are properly disclosed.
- Capital assets, including infrastructure and intangible assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and, if applicable, depreciated.
- 41) Capital assets have been evaluated for impairment as a result of significant and unexpected decline in service utility. Impairment loss and insurance recoveries have been properly recorded.
- 42) We have appropriately disclosed the School District's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available and have determined that net position is properly recognized under the policy.
- 43) We are following our established accounting policy regarding which resources (that is, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned) are considered to be spent first for expenditures for which more than one resource classification is available. That policy determines the fund balance classifications for financial reporting purposes.
- 44) We acknowledge our responsibility for the required supplementary information (RSI). The RSI is measured and presented within prescribed guidelines and the methods of measurement and presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period. We have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the RSI.
- 45) We have disclosed all tax abatement agreements, the total gross amount of taxes abated during the period, the specific taxes being abated, and whether any commitments other than to reduce taxes were made as part of any tax abatement agreement as required by GASB statement No. 77.

46) With respect to federal award programs:

- a) We are responsible for understanding and complying with and have complied with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"), including requirements relating to preparation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
- b) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, and we believe the SEFA, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. The methods of measurement or presentation of the SEFA have not changed from those used in the prior period and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the SEFA.
- c) We have identified and disclosed to you all of our government programs and related activities subject to the Uniform Guidance.
- d) We are responsible for understanding and complying with, and have complied with, the requirements of laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements related to each of our federal programs and have identified and disclosed to you the requirements of laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements that are considered to have a direct and material effect on each major program.
- e) We are responsible for establishing and maintaining, and have established and maintained, effective internal control over compliance requirements applicable to federal programs that provides reasonable assurance that we are managing our federal awards in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements that could have a material effect on our federal programs. We believe the internal control system is adequate and is functioning as intended.
- f) We have made available to you all contracts and grant agreements (including amendments, if any) and any other correspondence with federal agencies or pass-through entities relevant to federal programs and related activities.
- g) We have received no requests from a federal agency to audit one or more specific programs as a major program.
- h) We have complied with the direct and material compliance requirements (except for noncompliance disclosed to you), including when applicable, those set forth in the Compliance Supplement, relating to federal awards and have identified and disclosed to you all amounts questioned and all known noncompliance with the requirements of federal awards.
- i) We have disclosed any communications from grantors and pass-through entities concerning possible noncompliance with the direct and material compliance requirements, including communications received from the end of the period covered by the compliance audit to the date of the auditor's report.
- j) We have disclosed to you the findings received and related corrective actions taken for previous audits, attestation engagements, and internal or external monitoring that directly relate to the objectives of the compliance audit, including findings received and corrective actions taken from the end of the period covered by the compliance audit to the date of the auditor's report.
- k) Amounts claimed or used for matching were determined in accordance with relevant guidelines in the Uniform Guidance.
- We have disclosed to you our interpretation of compliance requirements that may have varying interpretations.
- m) We have made available to you all documentation related to compliance with the direct material compliance requirements, including information related to federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements.
- n) We have disclosed to you the nature of any subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period affecting noncompliance during the reporting period.
- There are no such known instances of noncompliance with direct and material compliance requirements that occurred subsequent to the period covered by the auditor's report.

- p) No changes have been made in internal control over compliance or other factors that might significantly affect internal control, including any corrective action we have taken regarding significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance, subsequent to the date as of which compliance was audited.
- q) Federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements are supported by the books and records from which the financial statements have been prepared.
- r) The copies of federal program financial reports provided you are true copies of the reports submitted, or electronically transmitted, to the respective federal agency or pass-through entity, as applicable.
- s) We have charged costs to federal awards in accordance with applicable cost principles.
- t) We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the summary schedule of prior audit findings to include all findings required to be included by the Uniform Guidance and we have provided you with all information on the status of the follow-up on prior audit findings by federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, including all management decisions.
- We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the auditee section of the Data Collection Form as required by the Uniform Guidance.
- v) We are responsible for preparing and implementing a corrective action plan for each audit finding.
- w) We have disclosed to you all contracts or other agreements with service organizations, and we have disclosed to you all communications from the service organizations relating to noncompliance at the service organizations.

Signature:

Assistant Superintendent for Business

Signature:

District Treasurer



Appendix 3

About PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP



FIRM OVERVIEW

Founded in 1891, PKF O'Connor Davies has evolved from an accounting firm to a corps of high-caliber professionals that delivers to a global and growing client base a complete range of audit, tax and advisory services as well as insights and expertise at the highest level. As our business has grown, our commitment to active value creation has allowed us to connect our clients to sound business advice, key players and resources across diverse industries.

An Acknowledged Global Leader

Not only are we one of the nation's most rapidly growing accounting and advisory firms, we are also the lead North American firm in the growing PKF global network of independent accounting and advisory firms. This enables us to provide clients with preferred access to toptier experts and firms in over 400 locations, in 150 countries around the world. It also establishes us as the primary referral point for international businesses with needs in North America, an advantage for our domestic clients seeking connections outside the U.S.

Active Partner Involvement Dedicated Engagement Teams

We have built strong relationships with our clients by being proactive, thorough and efficient. Firm partners are involved in the day-to-day management of engagements, ensuring a high degree of client service and cost effectiveness. Multi-disciplinary teams ensure solutions are customized to address specific needs and integrated for greater efficiency.

A Higher Standard: Beyond Passive Value Calculation to Active Value Creation

Our focus on value has driven our growth, propelling PKF O'Connor Davies to the Top 29 on *Accounting Today*'s 2019 "Top 100 Firms" list and gaining us acclaim as one of the country's fastest-growing firms. With unmatched client focus, we unlock genuine value hidden at key connection points in every engagement within regional, national and international arenas. Through these connections, our team of specialists continually drives efficiencies, uncovers opportunities and manages risk – delivering value where others can't.

Industry Recognition

- Ranked 29 of "2019's Top 100 Firms" – Accounting Today, 2019
- Ranked 7 of the "Top Firms in the Mid-Atlantic"
 - Accounting Today, 2019
- Ranked 11 of "New Jersey's Top Accounting Firms"
 NJBIZ, 2018
- "Tax Advice Award"

 Family Wealth Report Awards, 2018
- "Best Multi-Family Office Client
 Service Over \$2 Billion"

 Prints Asset Management August 2016
 - Private Asset Management Awards, 2018
- "Best Private Client Audit Firm"
 Private Asset Management Awards, 2017
- "Best Places to Work in New Jersey"
 NJBIZ, 2018
- Ranked 19 of the 50 "Best Accounting Employers to Work for in North America"
 Vault, 2019

KNOW GREATER VALUE™

Agility, Responsiveness and Recognition

Since our founding, PKF O'Connor Davies has maintained its commitment to gaining a deep understanding of each client's operations and financial history in order to help meet their every challenge and objective. We fulfill this mission by providing resources that match those of larger firms in scope – but with the agility only a mid-sized firm such as ours can demonstrate...and yet, we still rank among them. Our services include:

Accounting and Assurance Services

- Accounting Outsourcing
- Agreed-Upon Procedures (AUPs)
- Audits, Reviews and Compilations
- Elite Accounting Services
- Employee Benefit Plans
- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
- IT Audit & Cybersecurity Reviews
- Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB)
- Public Sector Audits & Compliance

International Services

- China Desk
- General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
- German Desk
- Transfer Pricing

Tax Compliance and Planning Services

- Employee Benefit Planning & Tax Compliance
- International Tax Services
- IRS Representation & Tax Controversies
- Personal Financial Planning
- Private Foundation Services
- State and Local Tax (SALT)
- Tax Compliance & Reporting
- Tax Research and Strategic Planning
- Tax-Exempt Organizations
- Trust and Estate Planning

Advisory Services

- Bankruptcy & Restructuring
- Cybersecurity Advisory Services
- Dark Web Monitoring Services
- Digital Forensic Services
- Matrimonial Services
- Management Advisory Services
- Risk Advisory Services
- Specialty Industry Advisory Services

Forensic, Litigation and Valuation Services

- Business Solutions
- Employee Benefit Plan Services
- Healthcare Advisory Services
- Hospitality Advisory Services
- Medical and Dental Advisory Services
- Public Sector Advisory Services
- Transaction & Financial Advisory Services
- Wealth Services

Family Office Services

- Accounting & Reporting
- Advisory
- Charitable Giving
- Investment Monitoring & Oversight
- Lifestyle Support
- Personal Financial Management
- Tax Planning
- Wealth Planning

We offer an exceptional breadth of advisory services across diverse industries and sectors.





Bethesda, MD | Cranford, NJ | Harrison, NY | Livingston, NJ | New York, NY | Newburgh, NY (Fostertown Road & 254 Route 17K) | Providence, RI | Stamford, CT | Wethersfield, CT | Woodcliff Lake, NJ

www.pkfod.com